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<u>containing a 1,3-dioxolane group</u>: EP-B-0 288 813; EP-B-0 361 272; EP-B-0 462 156; EP-B-0 351 746

It has been found in accordance with the invention that active-matrix displays in which the ferroelectric smectic phase is stable over a broad temperature range are obtainable by using the compounds of the formula (I). Furthermore, the acute angle is very stable over a broad temperature range, i.e. it is only subject to very small changes. The same applies to the layer leaning angle.

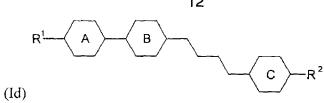
In formula (I), X is preferably -OC(=O)-, -OCH<sub>2</sub>- or -OC(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, particularly preferably -OC(=O).

B<sup>1</sup> is preferably cyclohexane-1,4-diyl, cyclohex-1-ene-1,4-diyl, phenylene-1,4-diyl, unsubstituted, monosubstituted or disubstituted by F, or thiophene-2,5-diyl, particularly preferably cyclohexane-1,4-diyl or thiophene-2,5-diyl.

A<sup>1</sup> is preferably pyrimidine-2,5-diyl (unsubstituted or monosubstituted by F), pyridine-2,5-diyl (unsubstituted or monosubstituted by F), phenylene-1,4-diyl (unsubstituted, monosubstituted or disubstituted by F) or (1,3,4)-thiadiazole-2,5-diyl.

Preferred compounds of the formula (I) correspond to the formulae

(Ia)
$$R^{1} \longrightarrow A \longrightarrow B \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow R^{2}$$
(Ib)
$$R^{1} \longrightarrow A \longrightarrow B \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow R^{2}$$
(Ic)



where R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> are as defined above and

$$\overline{A}$$

is a bivalent radical selected from the group consisting of phenylene-1,4-diyl, unsubstituted, monosubstituted or disubstituted by F, pyrimidine-2,5-diyl, unsubstituted or monosubstituted by F, pyridine-2,5-diyl, unsubstituted or monosubstituted by F, (1,3,4)-thiadiazole-2,5-diyl, indane-2,5-diyl, cyclohexane-1,4-diyl, unsubstituted or monosubstituted by F or CN, cyclohex-1-ene-1,4-diyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinazoline-2,6-diyl

is a bivalent radical selected from the group consisting of phenylene-1,4-diyl, unsubstituted, monosubstituted or disubstituted by F, pyrimidine-2,5-diyl, unsubstituted or monosubstituted by F, pyridine-2,5-diyl, unsubstituted or monosubstituted by F, indane-2,5-diyl

is a bivalent radical selected from the group consisting of cyclo-hexane-1,4-diyl, unsubstituted or monosubstituted by F or CN, cyclo-hex-1-ene-1,4-diyl, (1,3)-dioxane-2,5-diyl, unsubstituted or monosubstituted by CN, thiophene-2,5-diyl, thiophene-2,4-diyl, phenylene-1,4-diyl, unsubstituted, monosubstituted or disubstituted by F, phenylene-1,3-diyl, unsubstituted, monosubstituted or disubstituted by F.

Particularly preferred compounds of the formula (I) correspond to the formulae

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$$R^8$$
 A B  $C$   $C$   $R^9$ 

$$R^8$$
 A B  $C$   $C$   $R^9$ 

$$R^8 \longrightarrow A \longrightarrow B \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow R^9$$
(Ic1)

where:

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is a bivalent radical selected from the group consisting of phenylene-1,4-diyl, unsubstituted, monosubstituted or disubstituted by F, (1,3,4)-thiadiazol-2,5-diyl, pyrimidine-2,5-diyl, unsubstituted or substituted by F, pyridine-2,5-diyl, unsubstituted or substituted by F ortho to the nitrogen atom, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinazoline-2,6-diyl

is a bivalent radical selected from the group consisting of phenylene-1,4-diyl, unsubstituted, monosubstituted or disubstituted by F, pyrimidine-2,5-diyl, unsubstituted or monosubstituted by F, pyridine-2,5-diyl, unsubstituted or monosubstituted by F

is a bivalent radical selected from the group consisting of cyclohexane-20 1,4-diyl, thiophene-2,5-diyl, phenylene-1,4-diyl